McGILL StLAURENT

Data: The New & Improved Commodity

EASTERN EDGE CONSULTING MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY

Agenda

Analysis Krista

Alternatives
Priyank

Recommendation

Implementation
Jeff

> Financials Chris

Risks & Mitigations Krista

▶ Conclusion

Our Purpose

To help McGill St Laurent determine where they should take their business to ensure growing profits.

Key Issues

Volatile commodities

Impending industry disruption

How to grow

Key Objectives

Diversify the business

Be an industry disruptor

Ensure consistently growing profits

Recommendation

McGill St Laurent should grow their business by positioning themselves at the forefront of the data commodity market.

Analysis

External Analysis

Commodity Markets

- Oil & Gas
- Minerals
- Livestock
- Electricity
- Data

External Analysis

Commodity Markets

- Oil & Gas too volatile
- Minerals too volatile
- Livestock insufficient diversification
- Electricity existing business line
- Data emerging market

Data presents significant opportunity

External Analysis – Why Data?

Big Data

- Will cause industry disruption
- Relied on by Artificial Intelligence
- Is the way of the future

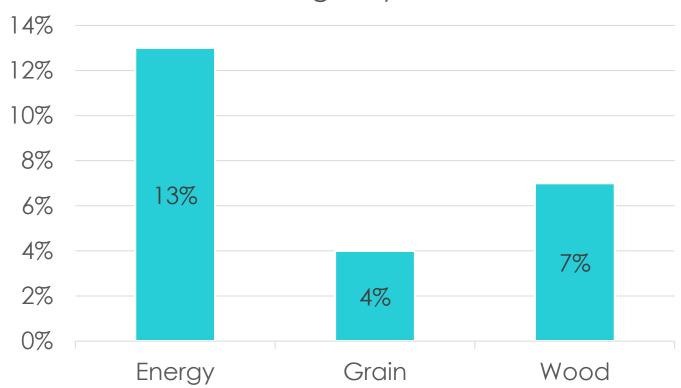
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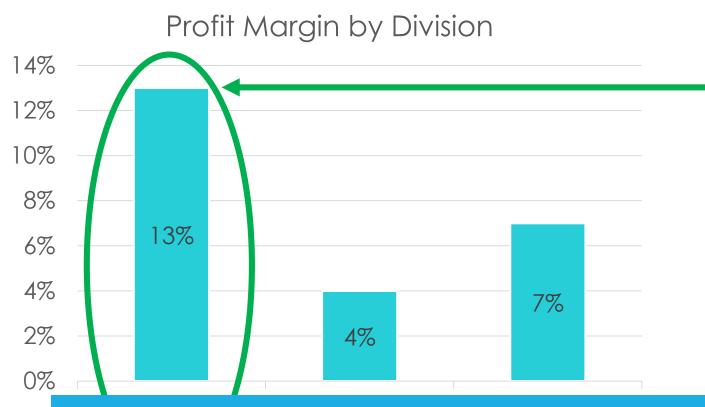
- Companies
- Governments

Potential for high margins

Data presents profitable, industry disrupting opportunity

Profit Margin by Division

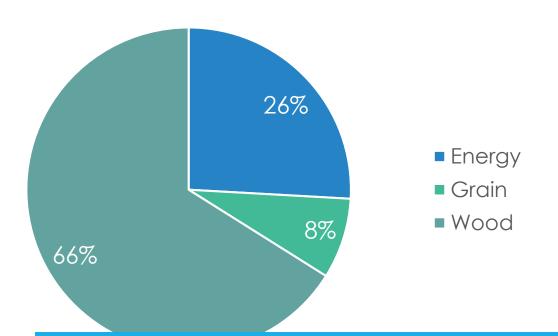




Non traditional division has highest margins for now

Data is a commodity with highest margin potential

Gross Profit Breakdown 2017



- Primary business:
 - Wood products
- Threat:
 - NAFTA changes

Main revenue stream is at risk

Vision

Build

Feed

Power

Data will be a <u>building block of society</u>, it will <u>feed</u> our lives, and <u>power</u> our world.

Alternatives

Alternatives

Vertical integration

Diversify geographically

Data Trading Division

Vertical Integration

- Reduced cost
- Improved margins
- Past experience in Canadian Woods division
- Expensive
- Limited farming experience
- Limited opportunity
- Government regulations in energy
- Cash intensive
- Human resource intensive

Diversify Geographically

- Available potential
- Past experience
- Potential for high margins

- Past issues in Africa and India
- Location constraint on owners
- Strained relationships
- Expensive
- Requires substantial investment
- Low margins

Data Trading Division

- High growth & margin potential
- Growing demand
- Emerging market
- Exponentially improving big data technology
- Potential existing customers with relationship
- Low cost and resource requirements

- New and unproven business line
- Low barrier to entry
- Cost of trading platform set up

Decision Matrix

	Vertical Integration	Geographical Diversification	Data Trading Division
Diversifies Business	X		
Profit Growth Potential	√	✓	✓
Industry Disrupter	X	X	√
Probability of Success	√	X	√

Recommendation

Recommendation

McGill StLaurent should grow their business by positioning themselves at the forefront of the data commodity market.

Implementation

Implementation Summary

Year '

Building Capability

Year 2

Deployment

Year 3+

Transform the Trading Industry

Data Types

Health

GPS

Electricity
Usage

Buying

Weather

Many types of data available

Data Users

Marketing Firms

Governments

Investors

Product

Shipping

Users want the data

Process Overview

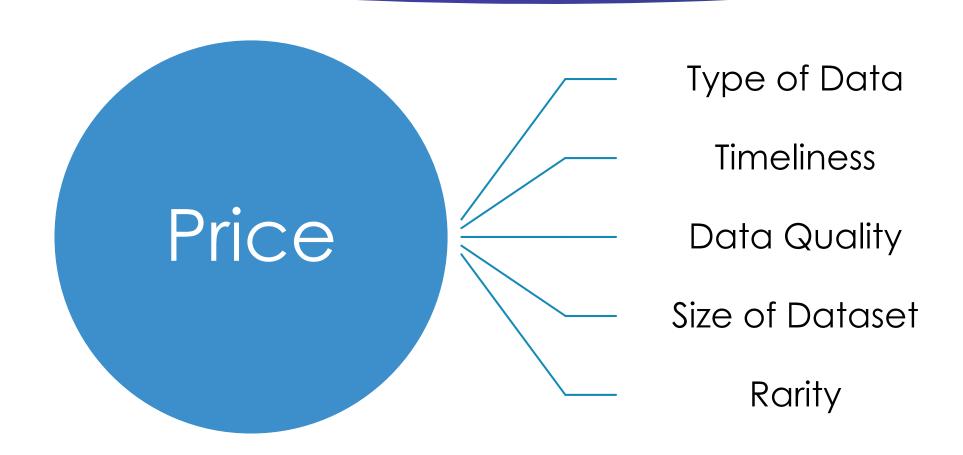


Same process, new commodity

Why McGill St Laurent?



Framework Example



Building Capability

Hire 5 big data subject matter experts

Attach to existing R&D team

Develop and refine big data trading framework

Staged Deployment – Building Trading Team

3 Traders

Located in Montreal

Tech Savvy

Creative

Reduce risk by staffing team

Staged Deployment – Industry Focus

Begin by targeting existing relationships

Logistics Providers

Farmers

Additional Income + Improved Supply Chain

Transform the Trading Industry

Leverage big data to improve other business lines

- Artificial Intelligence
- Machine Learning
- Market Identification

Positioned to disrupt

Financial Analysis

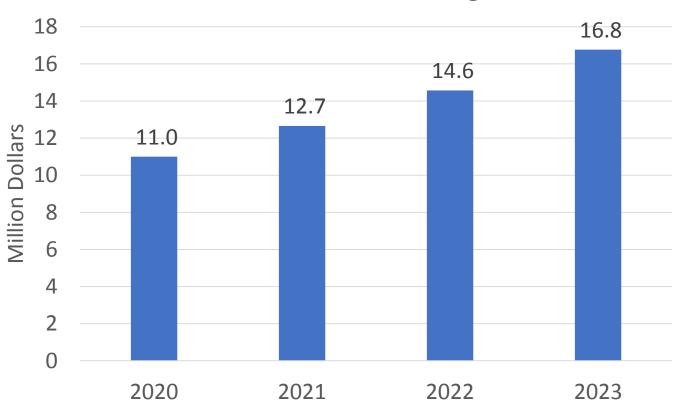
Cost

Project Expenditure Initial project expenditure \$ 100,000 Salary \$ 830,000 - 3 Traders \$ 330,000 - 5 R&D Personnel \$ 500,000 Total \$ 930,000

Source of funds: Retained earnings

Revenue Projections

Revenue Growth for Data Trading Division



Consideration:

500 Customers in 2020 15% YoY growth \$22,000: revenue per customer

EBIT Projections



Key Drivers

IRR: 40%

- No need for inventory
- Greater control over cash conversion cycle

Risks and Mitigation

Risks & Mitigations

Risk	Rank	Mitigation
Market Volatility	High	Ongoing due diligencePhased approach
Privacy regulations	Medium	 Avoid extremely sensitive data Leverage cyber security technologies
Competition	Medium	 Forge meaningful relationships with customers

Conclusion

What Good Looks Like



✓ Be an industry disruptor

Ensure consistently growing profits

Conclusion



Thank You

► Questions?

Plan B: Vertical Integration

- Reduced cost
- Improved margins
- Past experience in Canadian Woods division
- Expensive
- Limited farming experience
- Limited opportunity
- Government regulations in energy
- Cash intensive
- Human resource intensive

Appendix

		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
# of customers					500	575	662	762	
Revenue per customer					\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	
Total revenue					\$ 11,000,000	\$ 12,650,000	\$ 14,564,000	\$ 16,764,000	15%
Gross profit margin	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 2,912,800	\$ 3,352,800	20%
Salary	\$	500,000	\$	830,000	\$ 830,000	\$ 913,000	\$ 913,000	\$ 913,000	10%
Other administrative expenses					\$ 330,000	\$ 379,500	\$ 436,920	\$ 502,920	3%
Marketing and distribution expe	enses				\$ 330,000	\$ 379,500	\$ 436,920	\$ 502,920	3%
EBIT	-\$	500,000	-\$	830,000	\$ 710,000	\$ 858,000	\$ 1,125,960	\$ 1,433,960	
EBIT Margin					15.5	14.7	12.9	11.7	
Net Profit	-\$	500,000	-\$	500,000	\$ 497,000	\$ 600,600	\$ 788,172	\$ 1,003,772	30%
IRR		40%							